

Research that is responsive to needs, builds on existing strengths, avoids duplication of efforts and has impact.

1 Ensure ongoing and meaningful involvement of cancer survivors and their family/ friend caregivers.

Align funding calls with existing needs and potential for impact.

3 Create opportunities for the translation of research into practice and policy. 4 Build and maintain infrastructure and expertise to advance research.





PAN-CANADIAN FRAMEWORK FOR CANCER SURVIVORSHIP RESEARCH

RESEARCH DOMAINS





Survivors' Experiences & Outcomes

- Survivor-relevant outcomes, particularly for understudied cancer sites, as well as for persons with metastatic disease
- Functional and economic impacts and outcomes of cancer and its treatment
- Informational and self-management needs of survivors
- Interventions to address psychosocial needs

Late & Long-Term Effects

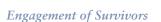
- Types, prevalence, development, and trajectories of late and long-term effects
- Mechanisms of late and long-term effects and predictors of high risk
- Informational needs of patients and survivors
- Surveillance mechanisms to identify late effects and their impacts
- Interventions to prevent and ameliorate medical and psychosocial late effects

Models of Care

- Risk-adapted long-term follow-up care, particularly for understudied cancer sites
- Identification of evidence-based surveillance practices as well as ineffective or low-value tests, investigations and practices
- Interventions to improve consistency, coordination and integration of follow-up care, including transitions in care
- Implementation science

CROSS CUTTING THEMES





- Engagement of survivors in both the research and program/policy decisionmaking processes
- Survivor advocacy to increase attention to and funding for research
- Diverse perspectives to support the generalizability of findings to more settings and populations
- Improved strategies and mechanisms for healthcare providers to communicate reliable information to survivors



& Infrastructure

Capacity Building

- Strong research infrastructure
- Support for trainees and new investigators
- Relevant tools and platforms for research
- Capacity in intervention research, including crossjurisdictional research



Knowledge to Practice

- Knowledge translation, where appropriate, to ensure findings are communicated and delivered in understandable and relevant ways
- Interdisciplinary teams that include researchers, decisionmakers, health professionals and survivors
- Funding and opportunities for researchers to share and translate their research into practice and policy



Special Populations

 Research targeting understudied populations

