

Canada's Research Investment in

Palliative and End-of-Life Cancer Care, 2005–2019

CANADIAN CANCER RESEARCH SURVEY

Since 2005, CCRA members have prioritized the quantification of Canada's cancer research funding. To that end, the CCRA's Canadian Cancer Research Survey (CCRS) was created, a database that has evolved over time to track the research investments made by over 40 organizations.

The CCRS is estimated to cover about 60–80% of the research investments made in Canada through peer-reviewed processes. For the area of palliative and end-of-life cancer care, there may funding from other organizations not captured in the CCRS that could affect the overall investment picture.

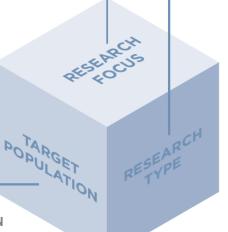
Data are updated and corrected annually and will vary from previously published reports. Investment numbers may differ from those reported by contributing organizations because of methodological conventions like prorating of budgets.

THIS REPORT

This brief report provides an overview of the level and nature of research investment in palliative and end-of-life cancer care made by Canadian research funding organizations. Page 3 of this report presents annual investment data, while page 4 shows the proportion of the investment by key attributes for 2019 (graphs) and for the three five-year periods (tables). Data were coded to the classification below. Full definitions of the dimensions in this classification can be found on the CCRA website.¹

RESEARCH FOCUS

- Physiological effects
- Psychological effects
- Quality of life
- Social needs/social support
- Economic sequelae
- Care delivery, access
 and quality
- Thanatological issues



RESEARCH TYPE

- Model systems
- Descriptive
- InterventionPrediction/
- assessment
- Knowledge synthesis
- Other support

TARGET POPULATION

- Patients
- Family/caregivers

Understanding the amount and nature of the research investment in palliative and end-of-life cancer care has been important to many of the CCRA members and targeted funding has been allocated to address the need to enhance research capacity. A pan-Canadian research framework for palliative and end-of-life care research was released in 2017 to help prioritize research investment in this area.

Access interactive visualizations and a related slide deck at **www.ccra-acrc.ca**.



The CCRS technical manual is available at https://www.ccra-acrc.ca/wpcontent/uploads/2021/08/CCRS_Methods_v2021_08_24.pdf.



Investment Trend

From 2005 to 2019, the investment in palliative and endof-life cancer care research was variable, with a significant drop in years 2015 and 2016. Over the 15 years, \$93M was invested in this area of research and this represented 1.2% of the overall cancer research investment.



Major Funders

Of the organizations tracked in the CCRS, 32 had some investment in palliative and end-of-life cancer care research. The investments by 12 organizations, however, accounted for 94% of the 15-year investment. Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) had the highest level, with a cumulative total of \$45M, but this investment dropped significantly in 2015. The Canadian Cancer Society (CCS), the next major funder, had a 15year investment of \$21M.



Research Focus

The most pronounced change in the distribution of the investment over time was a shift from research focused on physiological effects to research focused on care delivery, access, and quality. CIHR accounted for 52% of the 15-year investment in research on care delivery, access, and quality.



Researchers

There were 187 nominated principal investigators who received one or more award/grant focused on palliative and end-of-life cancer care over the 15 years. Of these, 48% (N=89) had received funding in 2015–2019 and worked at institutions located in eight provinces.



Investment Focused on Children/Adolescents

The investment in palliative and end-of-life cancer care research focused on children and adolescents and/or their caregivers represented 4% of the overall investment in palliative and end-of-life cancer care research over the 15 years and diminished over time.



Targeted Investment

The investment from targeted programs represented 17% of the 15-year investment, with most of this occurring in the 2005 to 2009 period. Targeted programs appear to be important to sustaining this area of research.



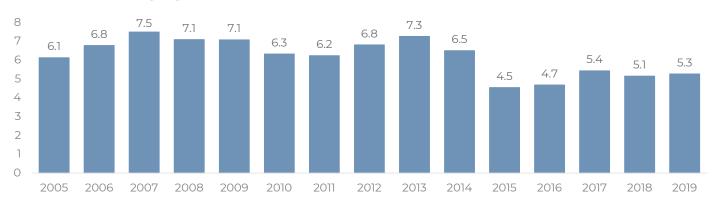
Physiological Effects

Research on pain and cachexia/anorexia/chemosensory disturbance (grouped into one group) were the physiological effects that had the highest investments in all three five-year periods.



Trainees

Although most trainees are supported from diverse sources like provincial or institutional programs, internships or operating grants, a small group of trainees receive awards through the grant peer-review process. There were 106 trainees granted awards for palliative and end-of-life cancer care research at some point within the 15 years. The investment in trainee awards was at its lowest level in the 2015–2019 period.

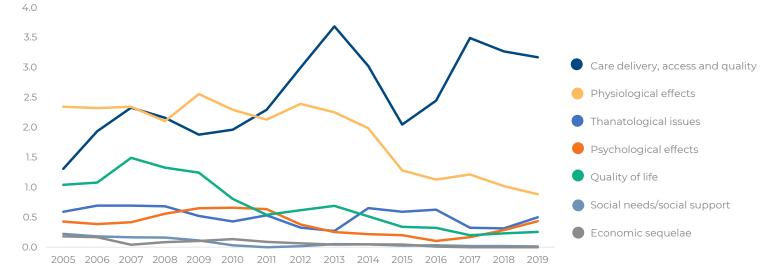


Annual Investment (\$M)

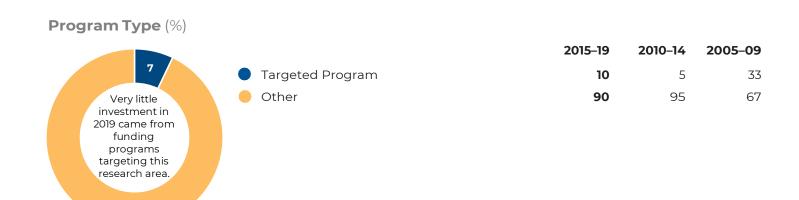
Investment by Funder (\$M)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Canadian Institutes of Health Research	3.19	3.71	4.13	3.82	3.17	2.55	2.85	3.04	3.30	2.98	1.90	1.85	2.18	2.64	3.26
Canadian Cancer Society	1.56	1.61	1.65	1.43	1.28	1.16	1.24	1.60	1.61	1.64	1.32	1.42	1.46	1.00	0.55
Alberta Innovates	0.23	0.23	0.35	0.28	0.16	0.09	0.21	0.16	0.41	0.43	0.41	0.43	0.42	0.14	0.03
Canada Research Chairs Program	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.23	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.37	0.27	0.23	0.26
Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council	0.01	0.05	0.12	0.22	0.35	0.34	0.27	0.20	0.17	0.05	0.14	0.11	0.21	0.17	0.21
Michael Smith Foundation for Health Research	0.01	0.11	0.21	0.23	0.19	0.13	0.27	0.37	0.43	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.26	0.20	0.10	0.02	0.00	0.43	0.40	0.16
Fonds de recherche du Québec - Santé	0.13	0.11	0.11	0.14	0.15	0.10	0.05	0.11	0.17	0.24	0.11	0.12	0.07	0.01	0.05
Canadian Partnership Against Cancer				0.19	0.78	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ontario Institute for Cancer Research	0.15	0.22	0.21	0.10	0.09	0.16	0.19	0.16	0.14	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10
CancerCare Manitoba	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.18	0.39	0.43
Alberta Cancer Foundation	0.12	0.13	0.18	0.16	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.08	0.10	0.16	0.15	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.08
Other funders	0.45	0.36	0.29	0.26	0.54	0.72	0.70	0.54	0.46	0.29	0.18	0.27	0.21	0.16	0.15

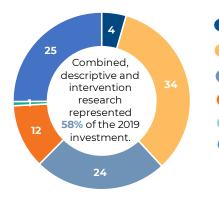




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Research Type (%)



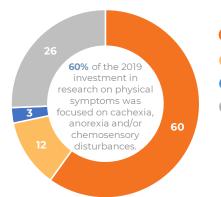
	2015-19	2010-14	2005-09
Model systems	6	19	9
Descriptive	34	41	37
Intervention	28	18	16
Prediction/assessment	9	6	6
Knowledge synthesis	1	3	1
 Other support 	22	14	31

2015 10

2010 1/

2005 00

Physical Symptoms (%)



	2015–19	2010–14	2005–09
Cachexia/anorexia/chemosensory disturbance	36	50	39
e Pain	43	36	31
🔵 Xerostomia/salivary gland damage/dysphagia	3	1	2
Other	19	13	28



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